

Riverplus Fund

MONTHLY INVESTMENT REPORT November 2011

SHARE PRICE (November 30): 101.17
NAV (November 30): CHF 43'743'770

Riverplus Fund is a long-short Delta, Gamma, and Vega fund incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The inception date was **October 1st, 2009**. The fund's objective is to generate a stable source of return by actively trading in listed Swiss stocks, options on Swiss and European stocks, and Index Futures. Investment advisor of Riverplus Fund is lambda Capital Group.

Monthly Net Returns

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
2009										0.02%	-0.31%	0.38%	0.09%
2010	0.67%	0.23%	2.02%	-0.72%	-0.98%	-0.26%	0.94%	-0.25%	0.29%	1.19%	-2.15%	2.56%	3.51%
2011	0.31%	0.69%	1.05%	0.97%	0.66%	-2.20%	-2.64%	-0.95%	-0.45%	1.09%	-0.83%		-2.35%

Key Ratios*

Since Inception (Oct 1st, 2009):

November 2011:

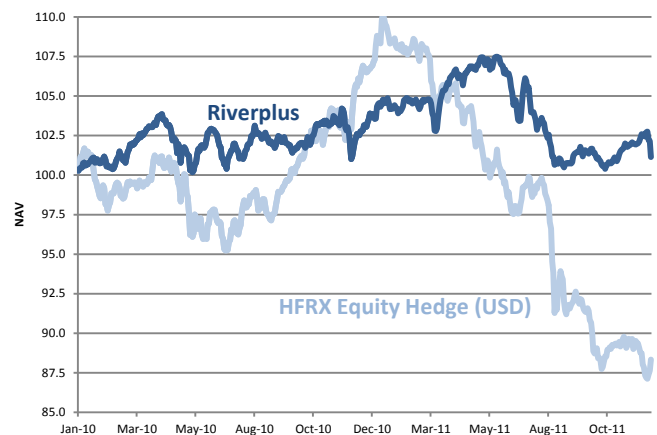
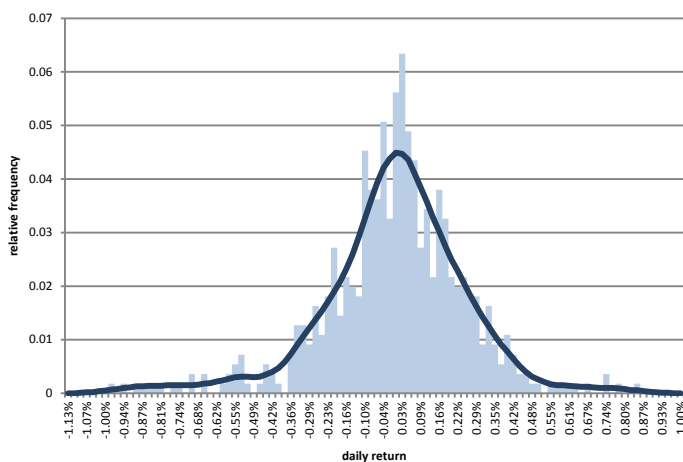
Annualized Volatility	3.98%	4.18%
Sharpe Ratio (bias corrected)	0.14 (0.11)	-1.91 (-1.91)
Up vs Down Days	54%	52%
Shortfall Probability	46%	48%
Sortino Ratio	0.19	-2.09
Omega Ratio	1.02	0.65
Upside Potential Ratio	7.75	3.90
Top Performers	CRDI, ZURN, SSMI	
Top Losers	BSAN, ROG, STOXX50E	

*To calculate the Sharpe Ratio and other key ratios we use the average 1 month CHF Libor rate over the respective time horizon as proxy for the risk-free rate. All numbers are based on daily NAV calculations and we annualize by assuming 253 trading days. The Shortfall Probability measures the probability of the fund return to be smaller than the risk-free rate. The Sortino, Omega, and Upside Potential ratios are investment ratios based on lower partial moments. The Sortino ratio is an adjusted Sharpe ratio for which the volatility generated by negative returns (semi-volatility) is taken into account. The Omega Ratio is a probability weighted ratio of gains to losses relative to the risk-free rate. The Upside Potential Ratio is calculated as the ratio between the expected upside and semi-volatility.¹

Comment on the Negative Performance

During the first three weeks of November our performance was positive. The current sovereign debt crisis did not give us any indication that financial markets should be on an upward trend and we therefore were holding short positions, particularly in STOXX50E. It struck us as an unpleasant surprise that the world's central bank announced on November 30 a large-scale coordinated intervention to lower swap rates. Markets surged and caused us some severe losses, leaving us with a negative performance for this month. However, we do not see the central banks' intervention as a solution to the crisis in the Eurozone by any means. Although the most acute liquidity problems will be mitigated for now, the intervention is merely fighting the symptoms but not the disease.

Evolution of NAV and Distribution of Daily Returns²

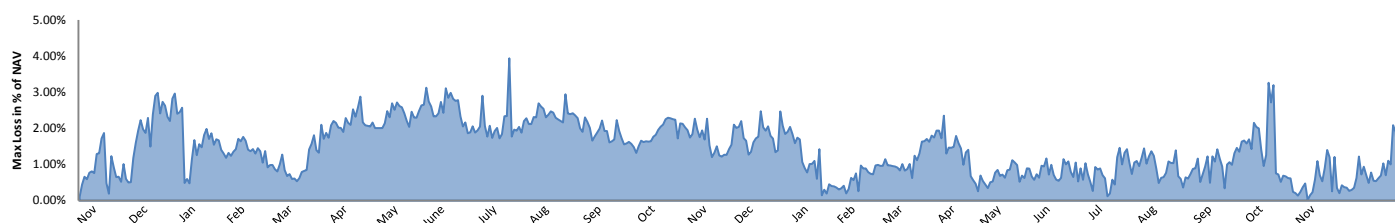


¹ For more details on the above performance measures, we refer the interested reader to the papers of Sortino, van der Meer, Plantinga (1999), "The Dutch Triangle," *Journal of Portfolio Management*, 25, 50-57; Keating and Shadwick (2002), "A Universal Performance Measure," *Journal of Performance Measurement*, 6, 59-84; Kaplan and Knowles, "Kappa: A Generalized Downside Risk-Adjusted Performance Measure," *Journal of Portfolio Management*, 8, 24-54.

² For the daily return distribution, we plot the histogram together with a non-parametric density estimator based on Gaussian kernels.

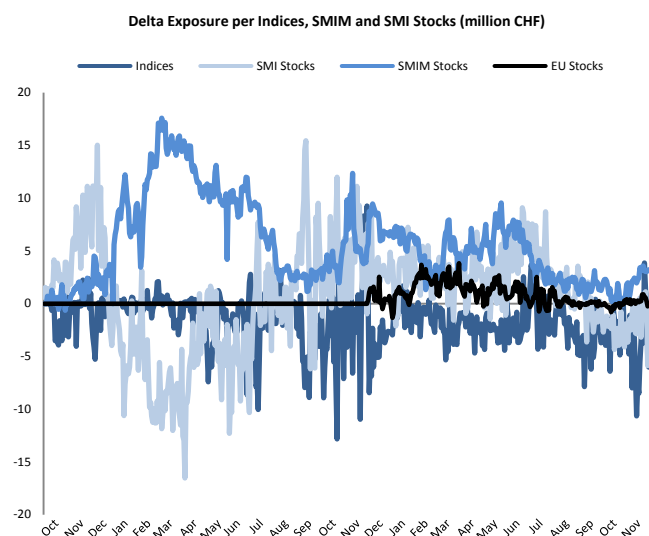
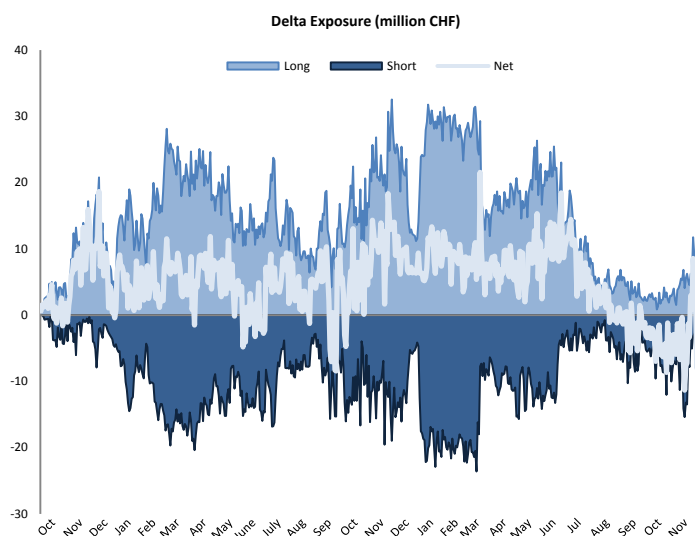
Risk Exposure

Our risk allocation for the different strategies within Riverplus is based on the maximum loss principle. In contrast to the commonly used Value-at-Risk, Maximum Loss is a coherent risk measure.³ As an overall acceptable risk exposure on the fund level, we fix a monthly maximum loss of 5% at the 95% confidence bound.



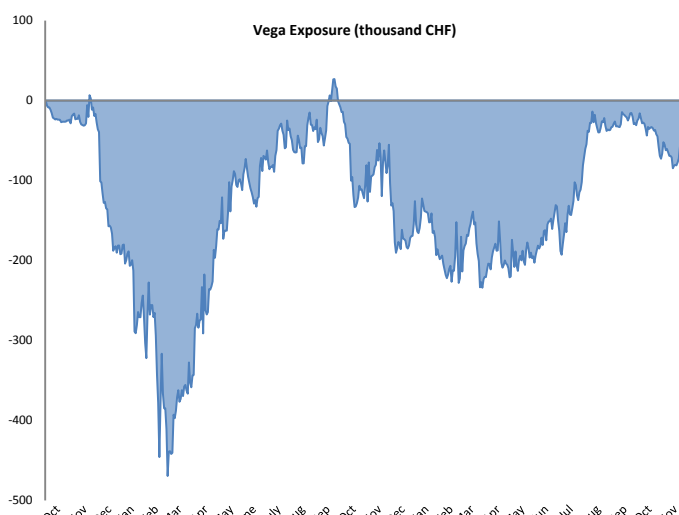
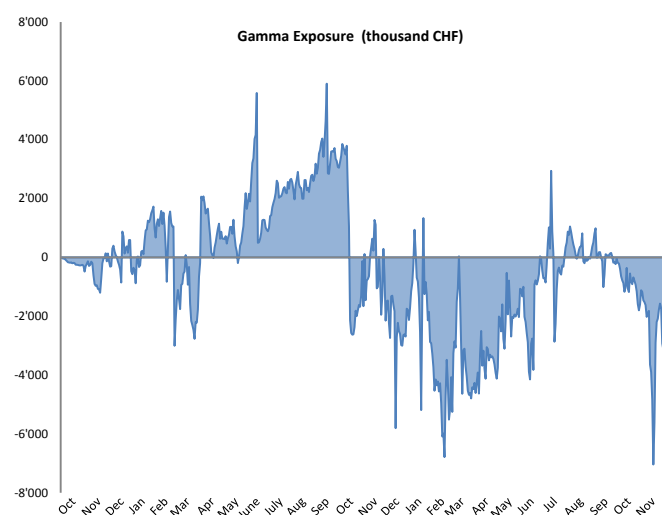
Delta Exposure

The figures below show our Delta exposures. On the right, we plot our long and short Delta positions as well as the resulting net Delta position, expressed in millions of CHF. The left figure illustrates the Delta exposures for our index positions and for the positions in SMI and SMIM stocks.



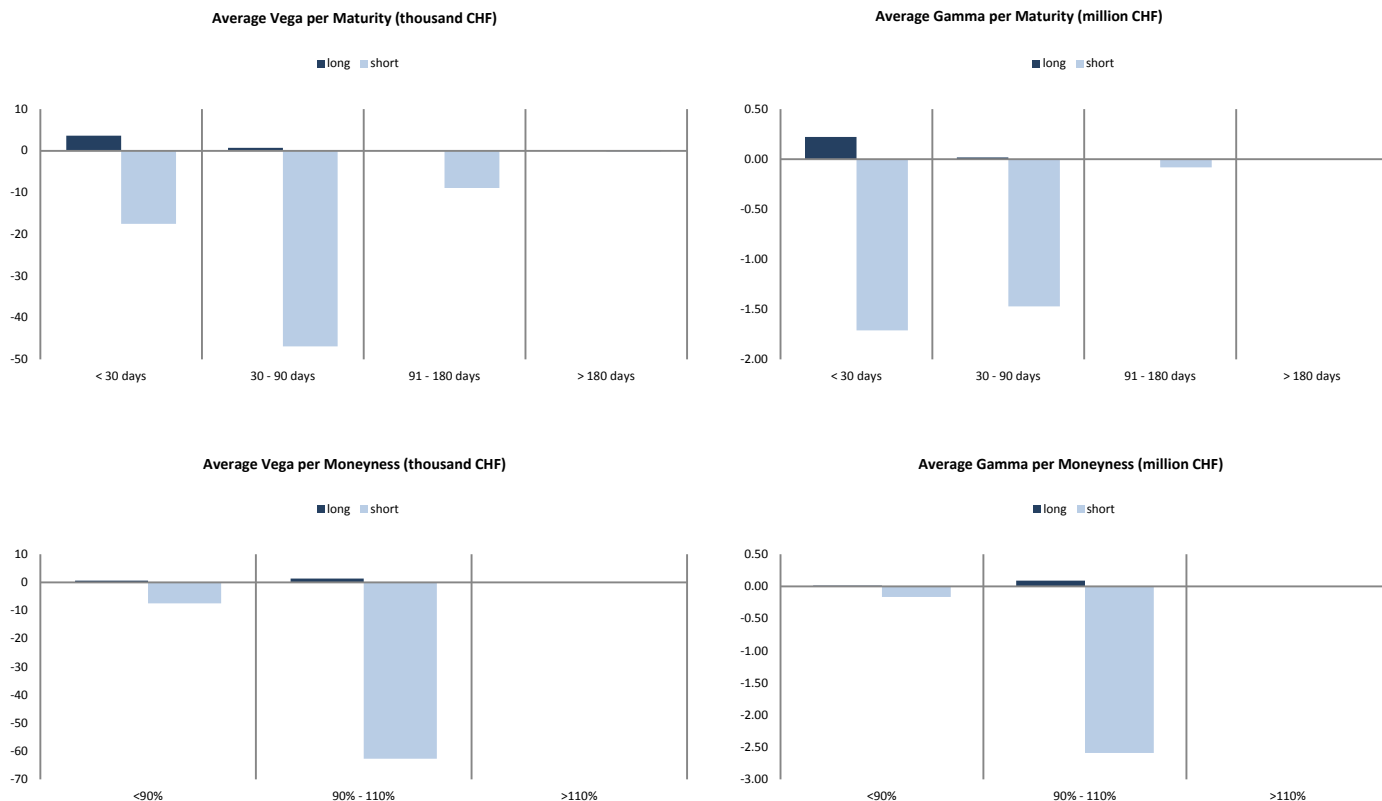
Gamma and Vega Exposure

A large part of the risk capital is allocated to active option-based strategies. Therefore, Gamma and Vega exposures play a prominent role in our risk management and need to be monitored carefully. The figures below plot the daily net Gamma and Vega exposures since inception.



³ See, Artzner, Delbaen, Eber, Heath (1999), "Coherent Measures of Risk," *Mathematical Finance*, 9, 203-228.

To provide more information about the nature of our Vega and Gamma exposures, we plot the maturity and moneyness buckets for the average daily Gamma and Vega positions in the figures below, split up into long and short positions.



Additional Information			
Strategy	Long-Short Delta Gamma Vega	Assets under Management (November 30, 2011)	44 million
NAV per Unit	101.17	Redemption	monthly/30 days notice
Management Fee	2%	Performance Fee	20%
Fund Structure	single fund, open-end	Prime Broker/Custodian	Credit Suisse
Legal Advisor to the Fund	Maples and Calder	Administrator	BNY Mellon Alternative Investment Services
Equalisation	yes	High-Water-Mark	yes (105.74 as of November 30, 2011)
Investment Advisor	lambda Capital Group	Investment Manager	Riverplus Management Company
Domicile	Cayman Islands	Auditor	KPMG
Stock Exchange Listing	Irish Stock Exchange	Valor/ISIN	10263523/KYG759421053
Day of Inception	November 1 st , 2009	Share Class	CHF

For further details or for more information, please contact us at contact@lambdacapital.ch or visit www.lambdacapital.ch

Disclaimer: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. The information contained in this letter represents neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. Securities in this fund will only be offered through a current offering memorandum and appropriate subscription documents. The material provided herein is for informational purposes only. Investments in Alternative Investment Strategies are suitable only for sophisticated and qualified investors who fully understand and are willing to assume the risks involved. Alternative Investments by their nature involve a substantial degree of risk and performance may be volatile.