Riverplus Fund

MONTHLY INVESTMENT REPORT December 2011

SHARE PRICE (December 30): NAV (December 30):

100.77 CHF 42'978'671

Riverplus Fund is a long-short Delta, Gamma, and Vega fund incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The inception date was **October 1**st, **2009**. The fund's objective is to generate a stable source of return by actively trading in listed Swiss stocks, options on Swiss and European stocks, and Index Futures. Investment advisor of Riverplus Fund is lambda Capital Group.

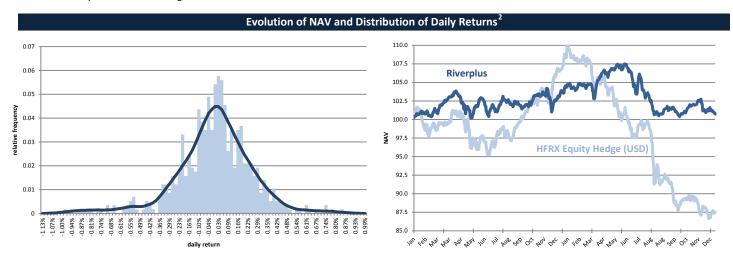
	Monthly Net Returns												
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
2009										0.02%	-0.31%	0.38%	0.09%
2010	0.67%	0.23%	2.02%	-0.72%	-0.98%	-0.26%	0.94%	-0.25%	0.29%	1.19%	-2.15%	2.56%	3.51%
2011	0.31%	0.69%	1.05%	0.97%	0.66%	-2.20%	-2.64%	-0.95%	-0.45%	1.09%	-0.83%	-0.40%	-2.73%

Key Ratios*					
	Since Inception (Oct 1st, 2009):	December 2011:			
Annualized Volatility	3.94%	2.93%			
Sharpe Ratio (bias corrected)	0.08 (0.07)	-2.26 (-2.43)			
Up vs Down Days	54%	45%			
Shortfall Probability	46%	55%			
Sortino Ratio	0.11	-3.26			
Omega Ratio	1.01	0.69			
Upside Potential Ratio	7.73	7.47			
Top Performers		ABBN, CRDI, OERL			
Top Losers		GDAX, NOVN, SSMI			

^{*}To calculate the Sharpe Ratio and other key ratios we use the average 1 month CHF Libor rate over the respective time horizon as proxy for the risk-free rate. All numbers are based on daily NAV calculations and we annualize by assuming 253 trading days. The Shortfall Probability measures the probability of the fund return to be smaller than the risk-free rate. The Sortino, Omega, and Upside Potential ratios are investment ratios based on lower partial moments. The Sortino ratio is an adjusted Sharpe ratio for which the volatility generated by negative returns (semi-volatility) is taken into account. The Omega Ratio is a probability weighted ratio of gains to losses relative to the risk-free rate. The Upside Potential Ratio is calculated as the ratio between the expected upside and semi-volatility. 1

Comment on the Negative Performance

The month of December was characterized by the "triple witch" on December 16, the quarterly expiration of index futures and index options, which may add to the gyrations in uncertain markets. While the SMI Index gained 0.91% until December 16, the SX5E Index fell by 4.80%. After the triple witch, both indexes moved again in the same direction and gained substantially. Between December 16 and December 30, the SMI rose by 3.54% while the SX5E rose by 5.16%. These increases were not driven by fundamental news, but merely by lack of liquidity. We were convinced that the gains shortly after the triple witch were just a bear rally. Hence, we did not change our strategic short bias in our portfolios. This strategic positioning led to losses during the second half of the month of December and turned our performance into negative numbers.

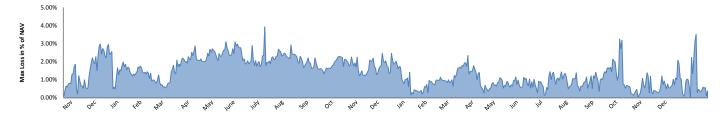


¹ For more details on the above performance measures, we refer the interested reader to the papers of Sortino, van der Meer, Plantinga (1999), "The Dutch Triangle," *Journal of Portfolio Management*, 25, 50-57; Keating and Shadwick (2002), "A Universal Performance Measure," *Journal of Performance Measurement*, 6, 59-84; Kaplan and Knowles, "Kappa: A Generalized Downside Risk-Adjusted Performance Measure," *Journal of Portfolio Management*, 8, 24-54.

² For the daily return distribution, we plot the histogram together with a non-parametric density estimator based on Gaussian kernels.

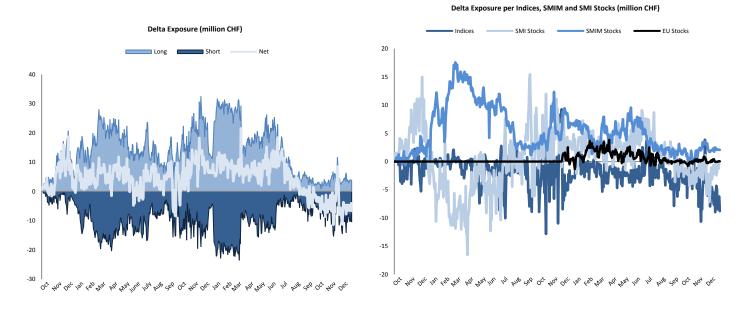
Risk Exposure

Our risk allocation for the different strategies within Riverplus is based on the maximum loss principle. In contrast to the commonly used Value-at-Risk, Maximum Loss is a coherent risk measure. As an overall acceptable risk exposure on the fund level, we fix a monthly maximum loss of 5% at the 95% confidence bound.



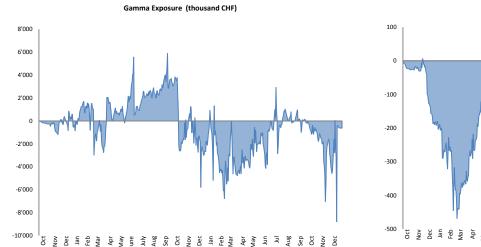
Delta Exposure

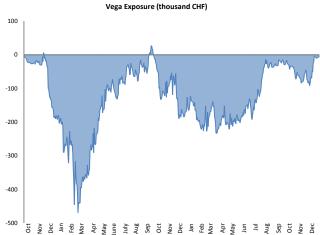
The figures below show our Delta exposures. On the right, we plot our long and short Delta positions as well as the resulting net Delta position, expressed in millions of CHF. The left figure illustrates the Delta exposures for our index positions and for the positions in SMI and SMIM stocks.



Gamma and Vega Exposure

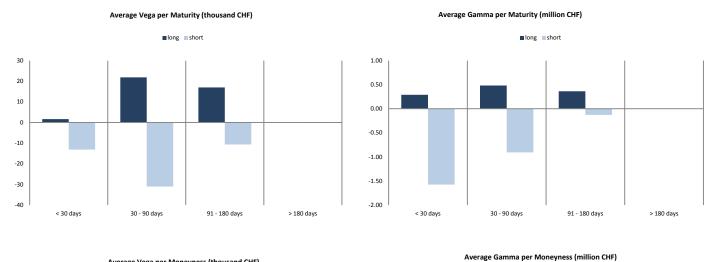
A large part of the risk capital is allocated to active option-based strategies. Therefore, Gamma and Vega exposures play a prominent role in our risk management and need to be monitored carefully. The figures below plot the daily net Gamma and Vega exposures since inception.

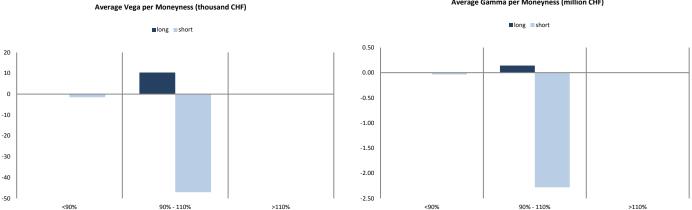




³ See, Artzner, Delbaen, Eber, Heath (1999), "Coherent Measures of Risk," *Mathematical Finance*, 9, 203-228.

To provide more information about the nature of our Vega and Gamma exposures, we plot the maturity and moneyness buckets for the average daily Gamma and Vega positions in the figures below, split up into long and short positions.





Additional Information							
Strategy	Long-Short Delta Gamma Vega	Assets under Management (December 30, 2011) 43 million				
NAV per Unit	100.77	Redemption	monthly/30 days notice				
Management Fee	2%	Performance Fee	20%				
Fund Structure	single fund, open-end	Prime Broker/Custodian	Credit Suisse				
Legal Advisor to the Fund	Maples and Calder	Administrator	BNY Mellon Alternative Investment Services				
Equalisation	yes	High-Water-Mark	yes (105.74 as of December 30, 2011)				
Investment Advisor	lambda Capital Group	Investment Manager	Riverplus Management Company				
Domicile	Cayman Islands	Auditor	KPMG				
Stock Exchange Listing	Irish Stock Exchange	Valor/ISIN	10263523/KYG759421053				
Day of Inception	October 1 st , 2009	Share Class	CHF				

For further details or for more information, please contact us at contact@lambdacapital.ch or visit www.lambdacapital.ch

Disclaimer: Past performance is not necessarily indicative to future performance. The information contained in this letter represents neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. Securities in this fund will only be offered through a current offering memorandum and appropriate subscription documents. The material provided herein is for informational purposes only. Investments in Alternative Investment Strategies are suitable only for sophisticated and qualified investors who fully understand and are willing to assume the risks involved. Alternative Investments by their nature involve a substantial degree of risk and performance may be volatile.